

Reg. No. :

Name :

Final Year B.A. Degree Examination, April 2021

Economics

Part III : Paper – III : INDIAN ECONOMY

(2005 Admission Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instruction : Answers may be written either in English or in Malayalam.

I. Choose the correct answer. Write only the alphabet.

1. The largest inflows of the FDI in India comes from

- | | |
|---------------|---------|
| (a) Singapore | (b) USA |
| (c) Mauritius | (d) UK |

2. The percentage of urban population in Kerala is

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| (a) 26 per cent | (b) 10 per cent |
| (c) 40 per cent | (d) 22 per cent |

3. The period of Eleventh five year plan is:

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| (a) 1997-2002 | (b) 2007-2012 |
| (c) 2002-2007 | (d) 2006-2011 |

4. Which of the following concept is not employed by the NSSO for measuring unemployment?

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| (a) Usual status | (b) Current weekly status |
| (c) Annual status | (d) Current Daily status |

P.T.O.

5. The Kerala model of development is known for its:

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| (a) Agriculture | (b) Human resource |
| (c) Industry | (d) Unemployment |

(5 × 1 = 5 Marks)

II. State whether true or false.

6. Taxation is part of the fiscal policy.
7. The psychic cost hypothesis is related with the industrial backwardness of Kerala.
8. The National Agricultural Insurance Scheme covers only food crops.
9. The cropping pattern in Kerala is heavily food crops based.
10. In Kerala, employment in the organised sector is higher than the unorganised sector.

(5 × 1 = 5 Marks)

III. Fill in the blanks.

11. The Kisan Credit Card system was introduced in _____
(a) 1998-99 (b) 1990-91
(c) 1995-96 (d) 2001-02
12. The highest share of Kerala's National Income originates from _____
(a) Primary sector (b) Secondary sector
(c) Tertiary sector (d) Household sector
13. Head-count ratio estimates the incidence of _____
(a) Unemployment (b) Poverty
(c) Inequality (d) Mal-nutrition
14. Indian economy is a _____ one.
(a) Developed (b) Under developed
(c) Developing (d) Socialist

VI. Answer any **six** of the following each in not more than 1 page.

31. Discuss the different types of environmental pollution.
32. Comment on the economic growth in India during the post liberalisation period.
33. Explain the causes of unemployment in India.
34. Examine the role of remittances in Kerala's economy.
35. Examine the broad demographic features of India.
36. Discuss the causes of industrial backwardness of Kerala.
37. Briefly examine the growth of rural – urban migration in India.
38. Mention the major aspects of financial sector reforms.
39. Bring out the impact of New Economic policy on agricultural sector.
40. Explain the role of SEBI in Indian economy.

(6 × 5 = 30 Marks)

VII. Answer any **three** of the following not exceeding 3 pages.

41. Discuss Kerala's development experience since 1991.
42. Is India a developing economy? Discuss.
43. Critically analyse the reforms in Indian industrial policy since 1991.
44. Analyse the impact of WTO on Indian economy.
45. Explain the major features of the structural Adjustment Reforms implemented in India during the early 1990's.
46. Examine the impact of immigration on Kerala's economy.

(3 × 10 = 30 Marks)