

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, January 2023

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

English Language and Literature

Complementary Course (External)

EN 1332 : INTRODUCTION TO DALIT WRITING

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

- I. Answer **all** questions, **each** in a word or sentence.
1. What, according to B. Krishnappa, is the purpose of Dalit Literature?
2. Who is the author of *Samkramana*?
3. Who translated *The Scavenger's Son* from Malayalam to Tamil?
4. Whose autobiographical narrative is titled *Government Brahmana*?
5. What was the poet doing as the audience was listening to his poetry reading?
6. The protagonist of the story 'New Custom' could not wrap the muffler around his ears. Why?
7. What is the poem 'Water' about?
8. What, according to the poet, does a single drop of water embody?

9. Why did Raghavan Atholi give his first collection of poems his mother's name?
10. Who said: "What is important to me is not the word, but the pain and sorrow that it represents?"

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

II. Answer any **eight**, each in a short paragraph not exceeding **50** words.

11. What signals a Black writer's alienation from his African self?
12. Why does Krishnappa say that Dalit Literature should be unadorned and fresh?
13. What is Mathivannan's comment about the Tamil language spoken by the Tirunellveli scavengers in Thakazhi's novel?
14. What is Sudalaimuthu's greatest dream in life?
15. Why does Aravind Malagatti say that a horse is a caste, and human beings together are one caste?
16. What discomfort did the little boy feel while wearing Aayi's footwear?
17. Gowda's and Desai's he-buffaloes were in great demand. Why?
18. What is the underlying theme of 'Poetry Reading'?
19. Describe the appearance of the tea seller in Ajay Navaria's story.
20. What does the protagonist of the story 'New Custom' do when the shopkeeper asks him to rinse the glass?
21. What are Swaroop Rani's childhood memories about water?
22. How does the poet describe the invasion of water by corporate companies?

23. How does the poet project the ambivalent nature of water?
24. What does Raghavan Atholi mean by the term 'nationalism'?
25. How, according to Raghavan Atholi, is the emotion in his poetry different from the sentimentality of the Romantics?
26. Why does Raghavan Atholi refer to the mother-tongue of the Dalits as a 'whole continent of lost words'?

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

III. Answer any **six**, each in a paragraph not exceeding **100** words.

27. What, according to Krishnappa, are the terrible injustices concealed within the glorious history of India?
28. What does Krishnappa mean by 'anti-Dalit literature'?
29. What are the two important questions that Mathivannan raises after reading Thakazhi's novel *Scavenger's Son*?
30. In what context does Aravind Malagatti explain the difference between Viswamitra's and Vasishta's creations?
31. What politics did Desai's servants play when Aayi's she-buffalo was brought to the house for mating?
32. What did the poet say to himself when he saw embers flaring in the pupils of his listeners' eyes?
33. What is the protagonist's reaction when the tea seller addresses him as 'darbar'?
34. How do you conclude that the protagonist of the story 'New Custom' has acquired a 'special kind of pride and refinement'?

35. What does Challapalli Swaroopa Rani say about the politics behind water?
36. How does Swaroopa Rani portray the pathetic condition of the untouchables?
37. Why is Raghavan Atholi critical of the 'new poetry' in Malayalam?
38. How does Raghavan Atholi explain 'the aesthetics of blackness'?

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

IV. Answer any **two**, each in about **300** words.

39. What are B. Krishnappa's views on Dalit Literature?
40. Why is Mathivannan critical of Thakazhi's novel *Scavenger's Son*?
41. How does Aravind Malagatti expose the harsh reality that the ideology of caste does not spare even domestic animals?
42. How does Ajay Navaria portray the shallowness and inhumanity of caste system in the story 'New Custom'?
43. Attempt an appreciation of the poem 'Water'.
44. What are Raghavan Atholi's thoughts on Dalit poetry?

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A./B.Sc. Degree Examination, January 2023

First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

Language Course – English

EN 1311.1/EN 1311.3 : ENGLISH FOR CAREER

(Common for B.A./B.Sc. & Career Related Group 2(a))

(2019 Admission Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

- I. Answer **all** the following questions. Follow the instructions given in the brackets wherever needed.
1. The correct spelling of the word 'biscut' is _____.
 2. The word that is the antonym of "callous" is _____.
 3. Give a synonym for the word 'deceptive'.
 4. What is _____ (breed) in the bone will not wear out of the flesh.
(Use the correct tense form of the verb in brackets)
 5. The adjective form of reluctance is _____.
 6. The child, thinking all was safe, _____ (attempt) to cross the road.
(Use the correct tense form of the verb in brackets)
 7. The word 'intricate' is synonym for _____.

8. I'm having some trouble work out the solution to this equation.

(Underline the error)

9. Mr. Pritchard has been to Scotland recently, _____?

(Complete the sentence with a question tag)

10. They've _____ the meeting. (Use the appropriate phrasal verb)

(a) Called out

(b) Called in

(c) Called by

(d) Called off

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

II. Answer **any eight** of the following questions.

11. Provide one-word substitutes for any **two** of the phrases :

(a) A number of fish swimming together

(b) Easily set on fire

(c) In a timely manner

(d) Protected against diseases

12. Give the antonyms of **two** of the following words :

(a) genuine

(b) coarse

(c) boisterous

13. Make sentences of your own with any **two** of the following phrasal verbs :

(a) clamp down on

(b) fall through

(c) make up

(d) stick up for

14. Choose the correct option from those given in the brackets :
- (a) The four men _____ towards us. (is walking/are walking).
(b) The old woman _____ clothes for a living. (makes/make)
15. Fill in the blanks using a collective noun from those given below :
(pack, deck, herd, chest, team)
- (a) He hid this secret diary in a _____ of drawers in his room.
(b) I spotted a _____ of wolves at the sanctuary.
16. Use the correct tense of the verb in the bracket :
- (a) We _____ (has live) here for ten years.
(b) I _____ (receive) his letter a week ago.
17. Fill in the blanks using the suitable degree of the adjective given in the brackets :
- (a) Lead is _____ than other metals. (heavy)
(b) The tiger is the _____ of all animals. (fierce)

Correct the errors in the words given in italics.

18. (a) It is *recommendable* that you charge the mobile phone before first use.
(b) Kindly note our address for all *farther* communication.
19. (a) She *vested* all her time in chatting and did not find the time to complete her work.
(b) In case of a land dispute, the officials will determine how the property is to be *dividend*.
20. Fill in the blanks with suitable words from those given in brackets :
(obtain, assimilate, perennial, develop)

It is your duty to train and _____ your mind and acquire knowledge, as much knowledge as you possibly can _____. Knowledge is like a deep well, fed by _____ springs, and your Mind is the little bucket that you drop into it : you will get as much as you can _____.

21. Choose the correct option from the brackets :

- (a) Eight dollars _____ the price of a ticket. (is/are)
(b) I _____ be honoured to attend the function. (shall/would)

22. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate word from the brackets :

(before, quite, never, well, once)

- (a) These mangoes are _____ ripe.
(b) He _____ met me in Cairo.

23. Use the correct tense of the verb in the brackets :

- (a) The tempest _____ the ship ashore. (blow)
(b) _____ over the fence, the thief escaped. (jump)

Read the paragraph and answer the question given below :

24. The National Institute of Oceanography (NIO) in Goa developed a real-time reporting and Internet accessible coastal sea-level monitoring system which has been operational since 2005. The gauge uses a cellular modem to put on the Internet real-time sea-level data. By using a cellular phone network, coastal sea-level changes are continuously updated on to a web-server. The sea-level gauge website can be made available to television channels to broadcast real-time visualisation of the coastal sea level, particularly during oceanic hazards such as storm surges or a tsunami. A network of such gauges along the coast and the islands that lie on either side of the mainland would provide data to disaster management agencies to disseminate warnings to coastal communities and beach tourism centres.

- (a) What is the function of the NIO's gauge?
(b) Comment on an additional benefit of such gauges.

25. A sanctuary may be defined as a place where Man is passive and the rest of Nature active. Till quite recently Nature had her own sanctuaries, where man either did not go at all or only as a tool-using animal in comparatively small numbers. But now, in this machinery age, there is no place left where man cannot go with overwhelming forces at his command. He can strangle to death all the nobler wild life in the world today. Tomorrow he certainly will have done so, unless he exercises due foresight and self-control in the meantime.

- (a) What predictions do the author make regarding the fate of sanctuaries?
- (b) Identify the word in the passage which means the following : the ability to predict what will happen or be needed in the future?

26. The first and most important rule of Legitimate or popular government, that is to say, of government whose object is the good of the people, is therefore, as I have observed, to follow in everything the general will. But to follow this will it is necessary to know it, and above all to distinguish it from the particular will, beginning with one's self: this distinction is always very difficult to make, and only the most sublime virtue can afford sufficient illumination for it, As, in order to will, it is necessary to be free, a difficulty no less great than the former arises – that of preserving at once the public liberty and the authority of government.

- (a) How does the author describe a legitimate or popular government?
- (b) What is the one virtue that is necessary for the people to be in a position to make known their will?

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

III. Answer **any six** of the following questions.

27. Fill in the blanks with the correct option :

- (a) He had asked you to _____ your answers, hadn't he?
(mail him/mail to him)
- (b) The manager _____ all the claims of the employee and dismissed him. (reputed, refuted)
- (c) _____ prices cause hardship to the poor. (Escalating/Exciting)
- (d) I like Ashley a lot, she's a very _____ person. (denying/dynamic)

28. Fill in the blanks with suitable phrases from those given in the brackets :
(ran out, tear up, put up, set up, wore off, pass out, cut back, let in, go out)

- (a) My doctor wants me to _____ on sweets.
- (b) We _____ of shampoo so I had to wash my hair with soap.
- (c) The effects of the sedative _____ after a few hours.
- (d) I cannot _____ with his attitude.

29. Correct the errors in any **four** of the following sentences :

- (a) Either my mother or my father are coming to the meeting.
- (b) George and Tamara doesn't want to see that movie.
- (c) Your pants is at the cleaner's.
- (d) One of my sisters are going on a trip to France.
- (e) There was fifteen candies in that bag.

30. Correct the error in the section in italics in any **four** of the following sentences :

- (a) *How a beautiful* bride she made!
- (b) *What does he* think he is!
- (c) *So big eyes* you have!
- (d) *Wow*, that hurts!
- (e) That soup was *how delicious*!

31. Fill in the blanks with suitable pronouns :

- (a) My grandparents live in Berlin. We visit _____ often.
- (b) I really like watching old shows _____ are some of the best things on TV.
- (c) I'm always talking to _____.
- (d) I don't recognize the song _____ is playing.

32. Correct the error in the words in italics :

- (a) My knife is *sharp* than yours.
- (b) Truth is *strange* than fiction.
- (c) He is the *idler* boy in the class.
- (d) Bangladesh has the *large* tea garden in the world.

33. Fill in the blanks with suitable words from those given in brackets :

(ailments, strength, suffer, harmony, tension, recover, tackles, outlined)

Yoga is a series of physical exercises that use the body and mind to create _____ and health within yourself. Yoga allows you to gain _____, calmness, and flexibility while relieving stress and _____ from your body. About 2000 years ago in India, a wise man, Pantanjali, _____ the system for Yoga. In his writings, he explains how Yoga _____ both physical and emotional _____. Yoga can not only help you _____ from a physical condition but it also can help those of us who _____ from anxiety or depression.

34. Fill in the blanks with the suitable conjunction :

- (a) He ran away _____ he was afraid.
- (b) You can have an ice cream _____ a brownie sundae.
- (c) Our hoard is little, _____ our hearts are great.
- (d) He is _____ foolish, _____ stubborn.

35. Rewrite the sentences replacing the italicised words with the appropriate word from the brackets :

(cosmopolitan, a cartographer, a recluse, an octogenarian, a polyglot, an atheist, an optimist, an immigrant)

- (a) It is not easy being a *foreigner who comes to settle* in the USA.
- (b) My grandpa is *eighty years old*.
- (c) I took up Spanish to become *someone who speaks more than one language*.
- (d) We need a person who *makes maps or charts to decode these cryptic maps*.

Read the passage and answer the questions given below :

36. The Indian Army is the land-based branch and the largest component of the Indian Armed Forces. The President of India is the Supreme Commander of the Indian Army, and it is commanded by the Chief of Army Staff (COAS), who is a four-star general. Two officers have been conferred with the rank of field marshal, a five-star rank, which is a ceremonial position of great honour. The Indian Army originated from the armies of the East India Company, which eventually became the British Indian Army, and the armies of the princely states, which finally became the national army after independence. The units and regiments of the Indian Army have diverse histories and have participated in a number of battles and campaigns across the world, earning a large number of battle and theatre honours before and after Independence.
- Identify a word from the passage that means 'a part or element of a larger whole'.
 - Use the word 'ceremonial' in a sentence of your own.
 - Who commands the Indian Army?
 - Trace the origin of the Indian Army.
37. The trend toward commodification of high-brow art took an ominous, if predictable, turn in the 1980s during the Japanese "bubble economy." At a time when Japanese share prices more than doubled, individual tycoons and industrial giants alike invested record amounts in some of the West's greatest masterpieces. Ryoei Saito, for example, purchased van Gogh's *Portrait of Dr. Gachet* for a record-breaking \$82.5 million. The work, then on loan to the Metropolitan Museum of Modern Art, suddenly vanished from the public domain. A representative of the Van Gogh museum, conceding that he had no legal redress, made an ethical appeal to Mr. Saito, asserting, "a work of art remains the possession of the world at large."
- Identify a word from the passage that means 'dark' or 'menacing.'
 - What did Mr. Saito purchase and at what cost?
 - Use the word 'masterpiece' in a sentence of your own.
 - What was the request made to Mr. Saito by the representative of the Van Gogh museum?

38. Surveillance has increased manifold since the 9/11 terror attacks on the World Trade Centre in the U.S. This increase in surveillance today shapes the relationship between the state and the individual. The state keeps an eye on its citizens, thereby positing each and even citizen as a potential wrong-doer. For instance, the proliferation of the CCTV cameras in streets, restaurants and in every imaginable public space. In fact, the camera need not even be functional in order to make the citizens behave themselves – its mere presence is enough to scare the citizens into submission. Such is the power of the mere potential of surveillance.

(a) Identify a word from the brackets that means 'surveillance'.

(scrutiny, intelligence, attack, suspicion)

(b) Give the antonym of 'proliferation.'

(c) Which event resulted in the increase in surveillance?

(d) What power does the process of surveillance possess?

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

IV. Answer **any two** of the following questions, choosing **one** each from any **two** Group.

GROUP – A

39. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below :

In 1970 geologists Kenneth J. Hsu and William B.F. Ryan were collecting research data while aboard the oceanographic research vessel *Glomar Challenger*. An objective of this particular cruise was to investigate the floor of the Mediterranean and to resolve questions about its geologic history. One question was related to evidence that the invertebrate fauna (animals without spines) of the Mediterranean had changed abruptly about 6 million years ago. Most of the older organisms were nearly wiped out, although a few hardy species survived. A few managed to migrate into the Atlantic. Somewhat later, the migrants returned, bringing new species with them. Why did the near extinction and migrations occur? Another task for the *Glomar Challenger*'s scientists was to try to determine the origin of the domelike masses buried deep beneath the Mediterranean seafloor.

With questions such as these clearly before them, the scientists aboard the *Glomar Challenger* proceeded to the Mediterranean to search for the answers. On August 23, 1970, they recovered a sample.

The investigators theorized that about 20 million years ago, the Mediterranean was a broad seaway linked to the Atlantic by two narrow straits. Crustal movements closed the straits, and the landlocked Mediterranean began to evaporate. Increasing salinity caused by the evaporation resulted in the extermination of scores of invertebrate species. Only a few organisms especially tolerant of very salty conditions remained. Later, under the weight of overlying sediments, this salt flowed plastically upward to form salt domes. The Mediterranean was a vast desert 3,000 meters deep. Then, about 5.5 million years ago came the deluge. As a result of crustal adjustments and faulting, the Strait of Gibraltar, where the Mediterranean now connects to the Atlantic, opened, and water cascaded spectacularly back into the Mediterranean. As the basin was refilled, normal marine organisms returned. The salt and gypsum, the faunal changes, and the unusual gravel provided abundant evidence that the Mediterranean was once a desert.

1. _____ is the word used in the passage for 'look into'.
2. The word _____ in the passage is related to 'the scientific study of oceans'.
3. _____ is a word from the passage that is an antonym of 'gradually'.
4. The phrase _____ in the passage means 'to obliterate'.
5. Use the word 'spectacular' in a sentence of your own.
6. The synonym for 'cascade' is
 - (a) steps
 - (b) pour rapidly into
 - (c) glitter
 - (d) transform
7. _____ is a word from the passage that is an antonym of 'scarce'.

8. Identify the statement which is true.
 - (a) The Mediterranean has undergone no change for millennia
 - (b) The Mediterranean is an ocean
 - (c) The Mediterranean transformed into a desert for a period of time
 - (d) None of these
9. What was the objective of the research by geologists Hsu and Ryan?
10. Mention one of the major questions related to the above objective.
11. According to theorists, what was the Mediterranean like 20 million years ago?
12. How did the Mediterranean become landlocked?
13. What impact did this have ecologically?
14. What is the Strait of Gibraltar?
15. Suggest a suitable title for the passage.

OR

40. Answer all the following questions :

Fill in the blanks with suitable articles, prepositions, conjunctions, adverbs or adjectives.

1. John answered the question _____.
2. We played a _____ tough match yesterday.
3. He is _____ talking about visiting his ancestral home.
4. She passed the exam _____.
5. She walked _____ down the road.
6. I'm _____ little excited because it's _____ Friday. There are _____ lot of good shows on TV today _____ one I usually watch is at 3:30.
7. Please get me a bag of _____ apples.

8. The dinner party went _____.
9. _____ spring arrives, we have to be prepared for more snow.
10. This salad is _____ delicious _____ healthy.

Rewrite as directed :

11. He will finish the work in a fortnight. (Use passive voice)
12. He said to me, "I don't believe you." (Change to indirect speech).
13. I wish I were young again. (Write an exclamatory sentence)
14. He requested him to wait there till he returned. (Change to direct speech).
15. Why was such a letter written by your brother? (Use active voice)

OR

41. Read the passage and answer the questions given below :

Paleontologists have argued for a long time that the demise of the dinosaurs was caused by climatic alterations associated with slow changes in the positions of continents and seas resulting from plate tectonics. Off and on throughout the Cretaceous (the last period of the Mesozoic era, during which dinosaurs flourished), large shallow seas covered extensive areas of the continents. Data from diverse sources, including geochemical evidence preserved in seafloor sediments, indicate that the Late Cretaceous climate was milder than today's. The days were not too hot, nor the nights too cold. The summers were not too warm, nor the winters too frigid. The shallow seas on the continents probably buffered the temperature of the nearby air, keeping it relatively constant.

At the end of the Cretaceous, the geological record shows that these seaways retreated from the continents back into the major ocean basins. No one knows why. Over a period of about 100,000 years, while the seas pulled back, climates around the world became dramatically more extreme: warmer days, cooler nights; hotter summers, colder winters. Perhaps dinosaurs could not tolerate these extreme temperature changes and became extinct.

Dissatisfaction with conventional explanations for dinosaur extinctions led to a surprising observation that, in turn, has suggested a new hypothesis. Scientists hypothesized that a single large asteroid, about 10 to 15 kilometers across, collided with Earth, and the resulting fallout created the boundary clay. Their calculations show that the impact kicked up a dust cloud that cut off sunlight for several months, inhibiting photosynthesis in plants; decreased surface temperatures on continents to below freezing; caused extreme episodes of acid rain; and significantly raised long-term global temperatures through the greenhouse effect. This disruption of the food chain and climate would have eradicated the dinosaurs and other organisms in less than fifty years.

1. The synonym for 'flourish' is
(a) thrive (b) shake
(c) impress (d) address
2. The word _____ in the passage relates to the chemical composition of the earth and its rocks and minerals.
3. Find the word in the passage that is the antonym of 'hot'.
4. The word 'buffer' in the passage is closest in meaning to
(a) erupt (b) shower
(c) shield (d) none of the above
5. Use the word 'evidence' in a sentence of your own.
6. Identify a word from the passage that means 'consequence or result of something.'
(a) fallout (b) dismal
(c) experience (d) none of the above
7. Use the word 'eradicate' in a sentence of your own.
8. Identify the statement which is true
(a) The climate during the late Cretaceous was harsh.
(b) The climate during the late Cretaceous was cold.
(c) The climate during the late Cretaceous was mild.
(d) None of these.

6. "Pull it out by its plug, not by the cord," said dad. No error.
a b c d
7. Either the captain or someone from his crew is responsible for this mistake.
a b c
No error.
d
8. She reimbursed back the money which I had spent during our journey to Jaipur. No error.
a b
c d
9. Either Lisa or Karen will always volunteer their valuable time to serve on our board. No error
a b
c d
10. When she entered the room, she found the child sleeping peacefully. No error.
a b
c d
11. "They had went to the lake without me", Jack complained. No error.
a b c d
12. Do you think they will except our plan without an argument? No error
a b c d
13. The conversation with her mother had a profound affect on her. No error
a b c d
14. Any of these pictures is not worth seeing. No error.
a b c d
15. Symptoms of this illness includes fever, vomiting and diarrhoea. No error.
a b c d

OR

43. Read the passage and answer the questions given below.

The Alaska pipeline starts at the frozen edge of the Arctic Ocean. It stretches southward across the largest and northernmost state in the United States, ending at a remote ice-free seaport village nearly 800 miles from where it begins. It is massive in size and extremely complicated to operate.

The steel pipe crosses windswept plains and endless miles of delicate tundra that tops the frozen ground. It weaves through crooked canyons, climbs sheer mountains, plunges over rocky crags, makes its way through thick forests, and passes over or under hundreds of rivers and streams. A little more than half of the pipeline is elevated above the ground. The remainder is buried anywhere from 3 to 12 feet, depending largely upon the type of terrain and the properties of the soil.

One of the largest in the world, the pipeline cost approximately \$8 billion and is by far the biggest and most expensive construction project ever undertaken by private industry. In fact, no single business could raise that much money, so eight major oil companies formed a consortium in order to share the costs. Each company controlled oil rights to particular shares of land in the oil fields and paid into the pipeline-construction fund according to the size of its holdings. Today, despite enormous problems of climate, supply shortages, equipment breakdowns, labour disagreements, treacherous terrain, a certain amount of mismanagement, and even theft, the Alaska pipeline has been completed and is operating.

1. The word 'remote' in the passage is closest in meaning to
 - (a) electronic device
 - (b) unrelated
 - (c) sizeable
 - (d) far away from civilisation
2. The phrase 'windswept plains' in the passage is closest in meaning to
 - (a) unsheltered land
 - (b) bayou
 - (c) plateau
 - (d) mountain

3. Find the word in the passage which is the antonym of 'molten'.
4. Use the word 'complicated' in a sentence of your own.
5. The phrase 'plunges over' in the passage means
 - (a) climb up
 - (b) stream by
 - (c) falls over
 - (d) flow across
6. _____ is a word in the passage which means 'bent' or 'twisted.'
7. The word 'consortium' in the passage means
 - (a) an association
 - (b) a condition
 - (c) a result
 - (d) none of the above
8. Use the word 'treacherous' in a sentence of your own.
9. Identify the statement which is true with regard to the Alaska pipeline.
 - (a) One company holds the rights to it.
 - (b) Several governments together hold the rights.
 - (c) A consortium of eight oil companies holds the rights.
 - (d) None of these.
10. What is the Alaska pipeline?
11. Describe the terrain on which the pipeline is built.
12. A consortium was formed for the construction and operation of the pipeline. Why?
13. How is it significant in terms of size and cost?
14. What were the challenges, excluding the cost, faced while constructing the pipeline?
15. Suggest a suitable title for the passage.

OR

44. Answer **all** of the following questions. Fill in the blanks with suitable articles, prepositions, conjunctions, adverbs or adjectives.

1. They travelled _____ the river.
2. My brother loves animals. He just brought a puppy _____ a kitten home with him.
3. We could cook dinner _____, we could buy some takeaway food.
4. Marie was born in 1867 _____ Warsaw, Poland _____ an early age, she displayed a brilliant mind. Her great exuberance _____ learning prompted her to continue _____ her studies after high school.
5. Jennifer does not like to swim, _____ does she enjoy cycling.
6. His two favourite sports are football _____ tennis.
7. He is _____ intelligent, _____ very funny.
8. The treasure lies _____ the box.
9. The cat is sleeping _____ the bed.
10. _____ I wake up early.

Rewrite as directed :

11. Of his birth many tales are told. (Write in active voice)
12. Only the brave deserves the praise. (Change into negative)
13. "Please sit down", said the headmaster. (Change into indirect speech)
14. They proclaimed him king. (Write in passive voice).
15. His father told him that he was ashamed of him. (Change into direct speech)

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, January 2023.

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Language Course English

EN 1311.2 : BUSINESS ENGLISH

(2019 Admission Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

- I. Answer all questions, each in a word or sentence.
1. Who authored the essay 'facebook is making us Miserable'?
2. What is the purpose of business reports?
3. What are the factors to be included in an agenda?
4. What is listed under 'Apologies' in the minutes of meetings?
5. What does the abbreviation ROI stand for?
6. Give a tip you could recommend to promote a business.
7. Write the full form of CV.
8. Differentiate between interviewee and interviewer.
9. Create a tagline for promoting the sales of a mobile phone.
10. What are the physical preparations to be made for an interview?

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

P.T.O.

II. Answer **any eight**, each in a short paragraph not exceeding **50** words.

11. Discuss some interview etiquettes.
12. What are the factors to be kept in mind while drafting a cover letter?
13. How will you begin a letter seeking permission for leave stating a reason?
14. What are the things to avoid in minutes?
15. Write any two frequently asked questions in an interview.
16. What are some of the things not recommended during an interview?
17. What qualities of leadership did JRD Tata possess?
18. How will you begin an appointment letter to a candidate selected for a job?
19. Suggest a few tips to write a good report.
20. How will you tackle a question like 'why did you quit your previous job'?
21. What according to Arthur Helps does the love of truth do to a man?
22. What are the different ways in which you can boost the morale of your employees?
23. How is facebook impacting the lives of business people?
24. Suggests some tips on writing minutes of meetings.
25. Write some do's and don't's while drafting an e-mail.
26. What is the 'Comparing Trap' that Tom DeLong describes in his book 'Flying Without a Net'?

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

- III. Answer **any six**, each in paragraph not exceeding **100** words.
27. Mention the sequence in which information should be presented in a resume.
 28. As an intern at Myglam Ltd. Write an e-mail to your internship project manager about an innovative sale technique that you can pioneer in order to increase the sales of cosmetics produced by the company.
 29. Write a letter of complaint to the Mayor of your corporation complaining about the indiscriminate dumping of waste in your locality.
 30. Mention any four frequently asked questions about your qualities.
 31. What are the key points you will include in an ad for washing powder?
 32. What does Narayana Murthy say about the Indian spiritual tradition?
 33. Write a short note on the checklist for interviewers.
 34. What is a subject line?
 35. Describe Sudha Murthy's experience at Telco's Pimpri office interview.
 36. Who is N.R. Narayana Murthy?
 37. Write a few tips on preparing for interview.
 38. List some questions the interviewer may ask on your skills.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

- IV. Answer **any two**, each in about **300** words.
39. You are Krishna Kumar/Seema Chopra applying for the post of Business Development Manager in Atlas solutions Pvt. Ltd., a leading software company. Prepare a resume.
 40. Draft an e-mail notice as Mr. Sooraj Kapoor, general manager, High Tech Fashions to the employees of the firm regarding an urgent business meeting. Include the agenda and also prepare the minutes of the meeting.

41. What are the life lessons the various events have taught N.R. Narayana Murthy?
42. Your college administration would like to improve the facilities available in the college canteen. They require a report from you so that they can take suitable decisions. Plan and draft a report on "Improving canteen facilities in our college".
43. What are Daniel Gulati's observations on social networking sites?
44. Prepare a cover letter for the resume of accounts manager at Zenith super systems advertised in the Hindustan Times.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

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Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A./B.Sc. Degree Examination, January 2023

First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

Language Course – English

EN 1311.1/EN 1311.3 : WRITING AND PRESENTATION SKILLS

**(Common for B.A./B.Sc. (Language Course VI) and Career related 2 (a)
(Language Course V))**

(2013-2014 Admission)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

I. Answer all questions.

(A) Rewrite the following sentences, correcting the errors if any.

1. Its the largest cave in Asia.
2. Both did not come.
3. The bird has flowed away.
4. He was seated on an arm-chair.
5. I was reading a book, at that time he was troubling me.

(B) Write one synonym each for the following words.

6. Complement
7. Baffle
8. Candid
9. Phobia
10. Atheist

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

II. Answer **any eight**, each in a short paragraph not exceeding **50** words.

11. What are paralinguistic features?
12. What is a group presentation?
13. Distinguish between summary and abstract.
14. What do you mean by the Mapping method?
15. What is the function of a topic sentence?
16. Differentiate analytical essays from expository essays.
17. List out the various layouts used in a business letter.
18. Give any two tips for writing letter reports.
19. What do you mean by documentation?
20. List out some common complimentary closes used in an email.
21. Give any two steps involved in the editing process.
22. What are the various methods used for data collection?

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

- III. Answer **any six**, each in a paragraph not exceeding **100** words.
23. Write a letter to your friend describing in detail the various folk art forms in your home town.
24. Write a précis of the following passage reducing it to one third of its length.

As material civilization advances and the supply of available goods and services increases, man's needs correspondingly, multiply. Advertising plays a key role in this never-ending process by stimulating the public's desire for certain products, and thereby promising the sales thereof, until it has, in effect, created new needs, real or supposed, where there were none before. A familiar example is car—once a rare and costly, novelty, now an ubiquitous and relatively inexpensive necessity. More recently, the television set has undergone the same transformation. While some people would deny that television is a necessity, the fact that sets are found in a majority of western homes shows that it answers, to a greater or lesser degree, the need felt by millions of people for entertainment and information.

A product, service or commodity that the public needs and knows it needs tends, of course, to "sell itself". To some extent this is true; meat packers, vegetables and fruit growers, and dairy products spend less on advertising, for instance, than manufacturers of cigarettes, liquors, cosmetics and other items of this type. On the other hand, the competitions that exists between rival brands mean that the suppliers of such basic necessities as food, clothing and housing also must advertise their wares to stay in business. Significantly, the industry that spends most on advertising turns out to be a product which everyone considers a necessity. For instance, soap, toothpaste, foot wear, etc. Being basic requirements, there must be greater demand for such items, resulting in stiff competition among manufacturers.

25. Write a conversation between you and your parents regarding your career options in about **80** words.
26. Prepare a questionnaire for conducting a survey on the availability and utility of water resources in your district.
27. You are the reporter of "The Times of India". Prepare a report of the recently held flower show organized by the horticulture society in your district.

28. What are formal reports? Briefly explain its categories.
29. What are the characteristic features of a well written essay?
30. Write an email to your superior at the office congratulating him for getting promotion.
31. Describe the sentence method in note-making.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

IV. Answer **any two** each in about **300** words.

32. Write an essay on "The Educated Unemployed" in about 300 words.
33. You are the secretary of the Arts club in your college. Prepare a report to your principal, apprising him or her of the activities of the club.
34. Create content for 15-20 slides on "Deforestation and Global Warming".
35. You are Arya and you are an Engineering graduate. You are applying for the post of Assistant Engineer in a reputed company. Prepare a CV and a covering letter that you will send to your prospective employer.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Honours Degree Examination, January 2023.

English Language and Literature

BAHE 131 – BRITISH LITERATURE 5 : 1789-1830

(2013 Scheme)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

1. Write short notes in about 1½ pages each on **any seven** of the following, choosing at least two from each section.

SECTION A

1. Elements of romanticism in "Dejection: An Ode".
2. Imagery in "She Walks in Beauty".
3. Social evils exposed in "The Chimney Sweeper" from *The Songs of Experience*.
4. Examine "Ode to a Nightingale" as a meditation on immortality.

SECTION B

5. Elucidate the contributions of poetry to the fabric of society, according to Shelley.
6. How does Lamb critique the false show of gallantry in social life in 'Modern Gallantry'?
7. "I have more confidence in the dead than the living". Examine the statement with reference to Hazlitt's essay.
8. Examine the elements of humour and pathos in "Poor Relations".

SECTION C

9. Comment on the use of comic irony in the novel *Emma*.
10. Bring forth the gothic elements in *The Mysteries of Udolpho*.
11. Character of Ann in *Confessions of an English Opium Eater*
12. Examine *Rob Roy* as a historical novel.

(7 × 5 = 35 Marks)

- II. Write essays in about **four** pages on **any three** of the following without omitting any section.

SECTION A

13. Trace the evolution of thought in "Ode on Intimations of Immortality".
14. The song of the skylark transcends human limitations. Discuss.

SECTION B

15. Examine Hazlitt as a romantic essayist.
16. Bring forth Shelley's views on poetry.

SECTION C

17. Analyse *Confessions of an English Opium Eater* as an autobiographical narrative.
18. Discuss how Jane Austen has shown the development and formation of *Emma's* character in her novel.

(3 × 15 = 45 Marks)

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A/B.Sc. Degree Examination, January 2023

First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

Language Course - English

EN 1311.1 / EN 1311.3 WRITING AND PRESENTATION SKILLS

**(Common for BA/B.Sc. (Language Course VI) and
Career related Group 2(a))**

(Language Course V)

(2015-2018 Admission)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

- I. Answer **all** questions, **Each** in a word or sentence.
- A. Rewrite the following sentences correcting the errors if any.
1. Egg and bacon are my breakfast.
 2. As soon as the bell rang, the teacher enters the class.
 3. Everybody in the class know the answer.
 4. Each of the students have been provided writing paper.
 5. He is always late to class, doesn't he?

P.T.O.

B. Write one synonym for each of the following words.

6. awful
7. sanction
8. verify
9. objection
10. omit

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

II. Answer any **eight, Each** in a short paragraph not exceeding **50** words.

11. Give two reasons why writing is important in our daily lives.
12. How can you differentiate between speech and writing.
13. What are punctuation marks?
14. What do you mean by collocation?
15. What is syntax?
16. What is clubbing or clustering?
17. What is note taking?
18. What is blogging?
19. What is netiquette?
20. What is close – ended questions?
21. Mention the key stages in writing a report.
22. What are surveys.

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

III. Answer any **six** as directed.

23. You have received furniture from ABC Company in damaged condition. Write an e-mail to the manager informing about the faulty furniture.

24. Write a precis of the following passage reducing it to one third of its length.

Over – population is today a very serious problem in many countries of the world and this includes India. It is closely related to other problems such as food and water shortage, unemployment, over-crowding and lack of basic facilities. Many Governments have tried to solve the problem in different ways. Unfortunately, some of the measures adopted are rather extreme, and these have not really been effective in reducing the population in the countries concerned. Thus, it is seen that sterilising by force, having laws restricting the number of children a married couple may have and making larger families a punishable offence are methods that anger people and defeat the purpose altogether. On the contrary, educating people and spreading the message of a small family, improving the conditions of women, especially in rural areas, and making them aware of the advantages of having fewer children, and offering tax rebates and other incentives have proved effective in many parts of the world and in our country as well.

25. Prepare a report on Blood Donation Campaign conducted by the students of your college.

26. Write a letter to the Municipality in your area complaining about the indiscriminate dumping of wastes in your locality.

27. Prepare a questionnaire for conducting a survey on the rising number of accidents in your area.

28. What are the things to be kept in mind while making a presentation?

29. Write a letter to the editor drawing his / her attention to the increased number of drug addiction cases in your locality.

30. What are the things to be kept in mind while conducting a Media interview?

31. Write a review on a film that you had watched recently.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

IV Answer any **two** as directed

32. Write an essay on "Drug Addiction in Youth" in about 300 words.
33. You are the secretary of the Fine Arts Club of your college. Prepare a report to be submitted to your Principal, presenting details of the activities of the club.
34. Create content for 15 to 20 slides on "Creating an Eco-friendly society".
35. You are John / Ann. You are a graduate in Economics and you are applying for the post of Front Office Assistant in Hyatt Palace Hotel. Prepare a resume with a covering letter.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

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Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, January 2023

First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

English Language and Literature

Core Course – III

EN 1341 : BRITISH LITERATURE – I

(2020 Admission onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

- I. Answer **all** questions, each in a word or a sentence.
1. Who introduced printing press in England?
 2. "Mighty Line" is associated with the playwright _____.
 3. Who wrote The Spanish Tragedy?
 4. Name any two theatres which functioned during the Elizabethan age.
 5. Rhyme scheme of Shakespearean Sonnet.
 6. Name the author of *Ralph Roister Doister*.
 7. Name two Restoration playwrights.
 8. Name any two pilgrims in Chaucer's "Prologue".
 9. What was the name of the flower that Oberon asked Puck to bring?
 10. Who were the king and queen of fairies?

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

II. Answer any **eight**, each in a short paragraph not exceeding **50** words.

11. What is an allegory?
12. What is a refrain? Give an example from a poem prescribed.
13. Adam in *Paradise Lost*.
14. Thomas More.
15. What does Deor lament for?
16. Who is Puck?
17. The butterfly in 'Of Boy and Butterfly'.
18. Aphoristic style.
19. The image of compass in "Valediction Forbidding Mourning".
20. How does kings and leaders buy friendship?
21. Mystery play.
22. Romantic Comedy.
23. Comedy of humours.
24. Theme of Shakespeare's sonnets.
25. How does Chaucer describe the season in the "Prologue"?
26. Philip Sidney.

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

III. Answer any **six** in a paragraph not exceeding **100** words.

27. Norman Conquest and its effect on English society.
28. Chaucers' contributions to the development of English language.

29. Ben Jonson.
30. Explain the line, "Some books are to be tasted: some are to be swallowed, some others are to be chewed and digested".
31. Why does Oberon order Puck to bring the magic flower?
32. Treatment of love in 'Valediction Forbidding Mourning'.
33. How does Bede describe Caedmon's story?
34. Briefly analyze the theme of the poem "Of Boy and the Butterfly".
35. Briefly analyze Deor's Lament.
36. How does Spenser describe his love in Sonnet 30?
37. Isabella Whitney.
38. Sub-plots in *A Midsummer Night's Dream*.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

IV. Answer any **two**, each in about **300** words.

39. English Reformation and its effect on British society and literature.
40. Write an essay on the features of Shakespearean comedies, with special reference to *A Mid Summer Night's Dream*.
41. Write an essay on John Milton as a writer with special reference to the work prescribed for study.
42. Trace the features of tragedies written by Marlowe with special reference to *Dr. Faustus*.
43. Write an essay on Elizabethan theatre.
44. Write an essay on Old English period.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Honours Degree Examination, January 2023

English Language and Literature

BAHE 134 : ENGLISH FOR COMMUNICATION : 2

(READING AND WRITING SKILLS)

(2013 Scheme)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

- I. Writes short notes in about **1.5** pages each on any **seven** of the following, choosing atleast **two** from each section.

SECTION – A

1. Extensive reading and Intensive reading.
2. Tips for effective reading.
3. Common obstacles and efficient reading.
4. Methods of reading.

SECTION – B

5. Effective reading of Newspapers and magazines and its benefits.
6. Tips for identifying the central idea.
7. Reading online content.
8. Suggest and describe any two passages that may be used for reading comprehensive activities.

SECTION – C

9. Writing a blog
10. Types of essays
11. Types of resume
12. Differentiate between formal and informal report.

(7 × 5 = 35 Marks)

- II. Write an essay in about 4 pages each on any **three** of the following choosing at least **one** from each section.

SECTION – A

1. Types of reading.
2. What are the stages of reading?

SECTION – B

3. Read the given passage and poem and answer the questions based on them :

You would have seen an increasing amount of "junk mail" showing up in your e-mail box. The so-called harmless activities of a small number of people are increasingly becoming a serious problem for the internet. Spam is the flooding of the internet with many copies of the same message in an attempt to force the message on people who would not otherwise choose to receive it. Spam is basically electronic junk mail or junk newsgroup postings. It is sometimes confused with an unsolicited e-mail. Real Spam is generally e-mail advertising for some product sent to a 10 mailing list or newsgroup. In addition to wasting people's time with unwanted e-mail, Spam also eats up a lot of network bandwidth. There are two main types of spam, they have different effects on internet uses. Cancellable usenet. Spam is a single message sent to 20 or more usenet newsgroups.

(a) Answer the following questions by choosing the right options :

(i) Email spam victimises

- (1) group (2) individuals
(3) males (4) females

(ii) Spam eats up a lot of

- (1) money (2) network bandwidth
(3) energy (4) none of the above

(iii) Cancellable usenet spam is a single message sent to _____ usenet newsgroups.

- (1) 10 (2) 20 or more
(3) 5 (4) none of the above

(iv) Real spam is e-mail advertising for some product sent to

- (1) 5 mailing list (2) 20 mailing list
(3) 15 mailing list (4) 10 mailing list

(v) Spam is basically

- (1) electronic e-mail (2) electronic message
(3) electronic junk mail (4) none of the above

(b) I know why The Caged Bird Sings

The free bird leaps
on the back of the wind
and floats downstream
till the current ends
and dips his wings
in the orange sun rays
and dares to claim the sky.
But a bird that stalks
down his narrow cage
can seldom see through
his bars of rage
his wings are clipped and
his feet are tied
so he opens his throat to sing

The caged bird sings
with fearful trill
of the things unknown
but longed for still
and his tune is heard
on the distant hill for the caged bird
sings of freedom

The free bird thinks of another breeze
and the trade winds soft through the sighing trees
and the fat worms waiting on a down-height lawn
and he names the sky his own

But a caged bird stands on the grave of dreams
his shadow shouts on a nightmare scream
his wings are clipped and his feet are tied
so he opens his throat to sing

The caged bird sings
with a fearful trill
of things unknown
but longed for still
and his tune is heard
on the distant hill
for the caged bird
sings of freedom

(c) Answer the following questions:

- (i) How is the free bird's movement described in the opening lines?
- (ii) Why is the caged bird different from the free bird?
- (iii) What does the caged bird's song express?
- (iv) What do the 'bars of rage' tell us about the condition of the bird in the second stanza?

- (v) Though the bird in the second stanza is in captivity it has not lost his spirit. Pick out a line from this stanza that tells us this.
- (vi) In the 3rd and 4th stanza the condition of the free bird and the caged bird have been highlighted. Pick out any one contrasting image from these lines.
- (vii) Explain the phrase 'grave of dreams'.
- (viii) Why has the caged bird's song been called a 'fearful trill'.
- (ix) Suggest a subtitle to the poem.
- (x) What does the phrase 'claim the sky' tell us.

4. Read the given passages and answer the questions based on them:

Children need to learn to take care of themselves because schools can be very stressful. They need guidelines on ways to be calm, be able to return to the present moment, to be able to handle their emotions and realize that their emotions are not in their control. This guideline is what we call mindfulness training. Mindfulness meditation is the practice of stopping and becoming aware of what we are thinking and doing in other words, introspecting. The more we are mindful of our thoughts, speech and actions, the more concentration and clarity we develop on what we are doing and the greater is our depth of understanding of a situation. Teachers and parents have become role models for young people. We have to learn how to handle our anger without melting frustration on our children.

- (a) (i) What guidelines do children need in order to control stress?
- (ii) What can we call this guideline?
- (iii) What is mindfulness meditation?
- (iv) What happens when we are more mindful of our thoughts?
- (v) Who have become role models for children?
- (vi) Give a word in the passage which means looking within.
- (vii) Suggest a way in which you feel stress can be relieved.
- (viii) We have to learn to handle our anger without _____, _____ on our children.

When plastic waste is burnt a complex weave of toxic chemicals is released. Breaking down polyvinyl chloride (PVC) – used for packaging, toys and coating electrical wires - produces dioxin, an organochlorine which belongs to the family of Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs). A recent Dioxin Assessment Report brought out by the United States Environment Protection Agency (USEPA) says the risk of getting cancer from dioxin is ten times higher than reported by the agency in 1994. Yet the Delhi government is giving the green signal to a gasification project which will convert garbage into energy without removing plastic waste. Former transport minister Rajendra Gupta, the promoter of this project says this is not necessary.

- (b) (i) What happens on burning plastic waste?
(ii) Expand PVC.
(iii) What is PVC used for?
(iv) What is dioxin?
(v) What is POP?
(vi) Expand USEPA.
(vii) Who was the promoter of the gasification project?

SECTION – C

5. You are applying for the post of Assistant Manager in a Multinational Company. Prepare a CV and Covering letter.
6. Characteristic features of an essay and the stages in essay writing.

(3 × 15 = 45 Marks)

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Honours Degree Examination, January 2023

English Language and Literature

BAHE 135 : KERALA CULTURE AND LITERATURE

(2013 Scheme)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

1. Write short notes in about **one** and half pages each on any **seven** of the following, choosing at least two from each section.

SECTION – A

1. Write a short note on postmodernism in Malayalam poetry.
2. Write a note on the Malayalam novel during the transition period.
3. Explain the contribution of progressive writers to Malayalam literature.
4. Write in detail about the contributions of "women writers in the age of modernity and postmodernity.

SECTION B

5. How does Satchidanandan perceive stammering in his poem. *Stammer?*
6. What is the major theme in *The Hen?*
7. Vijayalakshmi's works are powerful statements about being a woman. Substantiate with reference to *The Carpenter's Daughter*.
8. *Lankalekshmi* is an attempt to read the plight of Ravana caught in the trammels of shocking reality. Substantiate.

P.T.O.

SECTION C

9. Explain the early Manipravalam works.
10. Explain the historical events mentioned in. Selections from Antharjanam: Memoirs of a Namboodiri Woman.
11. *Vyasa And Vighneshwara* reinvents the concept of the story. Explain.
12. Lalithambika Antharjanam's contributions to Malayalam literature.

(7 × 5 = 35 Marks)

- II. Write an essay in about four pages each, on any three of the following without omitting any section.

SECTION A

13. Write in detail about the new genres of Malayalam prose.
14. Estimate Akkitham as a poet.

SECTION B

15. Comment on C. N. Sreekantan Nair's Ramayana trilogy with special reference to *Lankalekshmi*.
16. *To the Workplace* assumes significance as a critique of the patriarchy ingrained in the male-oriented reformism. Discuss.

SECTION C

17. Critically examine how drama worked as a social reformation tool in Kerala during the 20th-century.
18. Comment on the setting of M T. Vasudevan Nair's. "Sherlock".

(3 × 15 = 45 Marks)

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, January 2023

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

English Language and Literature

Foundation Course

EN 1321 : EVOLUTION OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

(2020 Admission Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

- I. Answer **all** questions. Each in a word or sentence.
1. To which language family does Latin belong?
2. Name the Saxon King who translated Latin texts into vernacular for the benefit of his people.
3. Name the three branches of Germanic languages.
4. What is the other name that linguists have given to *Ablaut*?
5. Who led the Norman Conquest of England in 1066?
6. State the importance of East Midland Dialect.
7. Name two English words of Arabic origin.
8. The Authorised Version of the Bible is also known as _____.
9. *Tragi-comedy* is an example of a _____ word.
10. Give two examples of words formed from initials.

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

P.T.O.

II. Answer any **eight** of the following, each in a short paragraph not exceeding **50** Words.

11. Balto-Slavonic Languages
12. Old English inflections
13. Middle English Dialects
14. Chaucer's contribution to English language
15. Write a note on the changes in pronunciation during the Middle English period
16. The influence of printing on English language
17. The role of Spenser in enriching English vocabulary
18. Spanish loan words in English.
19. Mention some of the important causes of semantic changes.
20. Generalisation
21. Loss of Distinctive Colouring
22. Words formed from names
23. Shortening
24. Blends
25. Internal Loans
26. Australian English words derived from Australian local languages

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

- III. Answer any **six** of the following, each in a paragraph not exceeding **100** words.
27. The Celtic Languages
 28. Simplification of grammatical gender during the Middle English period
 29. Greek loan words in English
 30. Explain Dummy Auxiliary
 31. Give a brief account of the contribution of the Bible translations to the making of English
 32. Umlaut
 33. Slang
 34. Distinguish between Amelioration and Deterioration
 35. Compounding
 36. Metanalysis
 37. Figurative Language
 38. Indian English

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

- IV. Answer any **two** questions. **Each** question carries **15** marks.

39. Give an account of the Germanic family of languages and show how English is related to it.
40. Describe the Norman Conquest and its impact on the English language.
41. Write an essay on the development of dictionaries in English.
42. Discuss the difference between British English and American English.
43. What are the causes for the differences between spelling and pronunciation in Modern English?
44. Consider English as a universal language.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)